Research shows effective School Leaders develop their successors and their teachers' instruction through these 8 actions:

Set ambitious school-wide vision and goals that lead students on a path to and through college

Do: Identify and communicate the school's annual goals and priorities

Do: Articulate a vision for high-quality instruction

Don't: Place school culture goals above instructional vision and goals

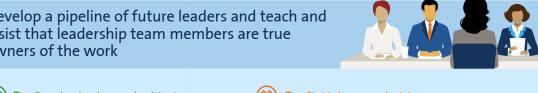
Relentlessly plan and prioritize to achieve goals

(Do: Develop a strategic plan to close the gap between the school's current performance and annual goals

Do: Intentionally prioritize own time to focus on instructional leadership and teacher development

Don't: Directly manage too many non-instructional priorities

Develop a pipeline of future leaders and teach and insist that leadership team members are true owners of the work



(Do: Develop leaders and cultivate a leadership pipeline (teacher, teacher leader, assistant principal)

Do: Empower Leadership Team to make decisions and hold them accountable for their areas of ownership

Don't: Make every decision

Don't: Spread oneself too thin by spending too much time on event management, student discipline or school operations

Model strong school culture and avoid spending too much time on reactive student discipline

Do: Outline and model expectations for leaders, teachers and students on school-wide practices for a positive learning culture

Do: Evaluate school culture through proactive, scheduled monitoring

Don't: Spend more than 10-15% of time on reactive student discipline

...and the KEY difference between a GOOD and a GREAT School Leader is a laser focus on instructional leadership

Hire and retain the best of the best

Do: Hire and retain diverse, highly-effective school staff **Don't:** Allow ineffective teachers to continue teaching without a strategic development plan

Build knowledge and expertise in effective instructional design and academic standards



must know and be able to do Do: Develop own and school staff's knowledge of how standards map to

and assessment of student mastery **Do:** Ensure teachers know what instructional methods (i.e. close reading) best drive student mastery and how to execute them well

Don't: Create an instructional design that's not clearly aligned with regional plan or annual

Don't: Make instructional design decisions (on methods, curriculum, time, etc.) that are not supported by research

Develop teachers to provide rigorous and high quality instruction through the enabling systems of the Academic Strategies Pyramid



Spend ~75% of time focused on driving teacher performance and student academic outcomes

(Do: Ensure all teachers receive targeted, weekly instructional coaching that deploys a variety of coaching techniques: observation and feedback, data-driven instruction, lesson study or looking at student work

Do: Regularly observe instructional coaches to ensure they are providing high-impact, actionable and bite-sized feedback

Do: Work with teachers and Leadership Team to analyze student data and identify strategies that will move students towards mastery

Do: Ensure content teams and school-wide workshops drive highest-impact improvements in teacher practice



Don't: Act as instructional coach for ALL teachers

Don't: Allow content team meetings to be deprioritized and meet less than once per week

Don't: Invest in school PD that is not aligned to school's instructional priorities or is not focused on specific improvements grounded in data



And...Foster sustainability by engaging lifelines and renewing to get stronger



LEADING FOR LEARNIN

To double our outcomes while doubling our size, School Leaders must focus their time on instructional leadership and developing future school leaders



An effective School Leader:

Accounts for

of a school's total impact on student achievementi

Keeps great teachers -

96% of teachers supportive leadership of teachers believe is absolutely essential to retaining highly effective teachers

ls



more likely to improve achievement in mathematics and



more likely to improve achievement in readingiii

So, what drives School Leader effectiveness?

Myth: The more hours a School Leader works, the better the results

FACT

In a study of 1,850 School Leaders, researchers found the highest performing leaders did not work more, but instead spent their time differently than less effective leaders

Effective School Leaders spend

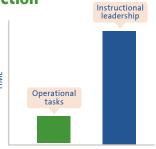


of their time focused on instruction and work that directly improves teaching and learning

Myth: A School Leader must "do it all" since being accountable for the school means making all of the decisions

FACT The most successful leaders distribute the work; they **prioritize their time** less on "doing it all" and more on a handful of actions that improve instruction like observing and coaching teachers

Highly effective School Leaders delegate all tasks that don't directly drive instruction, such as: school operations, compliance, food services and transportation to focus on instructional leadership



Sources:

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- v Bambrick-Santoyo, Paul. (2012). Leverage Leadership



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Support for each of the School Leader "Do" and "Don'ts" comes from a vast research base including a review of KIPP's High-performing School Leaders and over 50 books, articles and large-scale analytical studies on principal effectiveness. A sampling of this literature includes: Michael Fullan's The Principal; Paul Bambrick-Santoyo's Leverage Leadership; Richard DuFour and Robert J. Marzano's Leaders of Learning; Kim Marshall's High Leverage School Leader Activities; McKinsey & Co.'s Capturing the Leadership Premium; New Leaders for New Schools' Playmakers: How Great Principals Build and Lead Great Teams of Teachers; Public Impact's School Turnaround Competencies; US DOE's Achieving Dramatic School Improvement; and Stanford Education Institute's Principal Time Use, Mathematica Policy Research's Understanding the Effect of KIPP as it Scales: Volume II, Leadership Practices at KIPP.